

Investigative Report on Malteser International's Promotion and  
Distribution of Condoms and Contraceptives



# Malteser International



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## H.E. Albrecht Freiherr von Boeselager, Bailiff Grand Cross of Honour and Devotion in Obedience

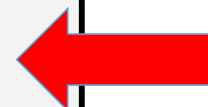
Albrecht Freiherr von Boeselager was born on October 4, 1949 in Kreuzberg/Ahr near Bonn; he is married, and has 5 children.

He was educated in Bonn at the Jesuit college Aloisiuskolleg and graduated in Law in 1974 after studies in Bonn, Geneva and Freiburg. From 1968 to 1970 he served in the military force as reserve lieutenant. From 1976 to 1990 he worked as a professional lawyer.

He was admitted to the Sovereign Order of Malta in 1976, and in 1985 became a Knight in Obedience. From 1982 to 2014 he has been the Chancellor of the German Association of the Order and a member of the Executive Committee of the German Association's Ambulance Corps (Malteser Hilfsdienst MHD). Elected member of the Sovereign Council of the Order of Malta as Grand Hospitaller in 1989, re-elected in 1994, in 1999 in 2004 and in 2009. He was member of the Pontificium Consilium Cor Unum from 1994 to 2005 and has been member of the Papal Council of the Pastoral for Health-Care Operators since 1990.

Albrecht von Boeselager, the former Grand Chancellor of the Order of Malta, was removed from his position in Dec. 2016 ***“due to severe problems which occurred during Boeselager’s tenure as Grand Hospitaller of the Order of Malta, and his subsequent concealment of these problems from the Grand Magistry.”***

Boeselager served five consecutive five-year terms as Grand Hospitaller from 1989-2014. The Grand Hospitaller is the president of Malteser International.



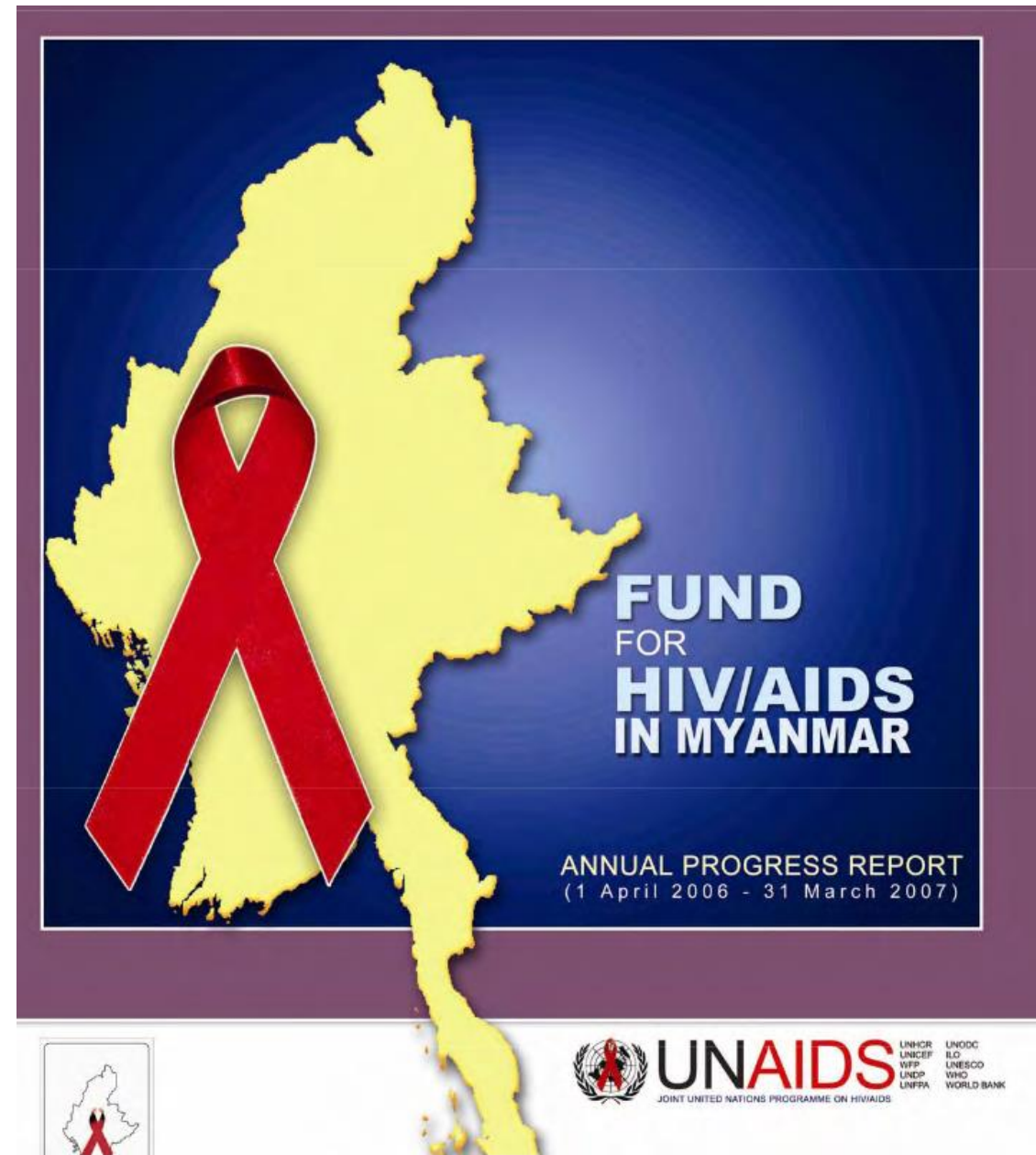


# Malteser International

It is clear that Malteser promoted and distributed condoms and oral contraceptives during Boeselager's tenure as supreme head of the organization. The following clippings come from various project reports regarding Malteser's participation in grant-funded programs.

In 2007, UNAIDS indicated in several areas that Malteser International was involved in the distribution of condoms.

Source: [http://data.unaids.org/pub/Report/2007/fham\\_report\\_en.pdf](http://data.unaids.org/pub/Report/2007/fham_report_en.pdf)



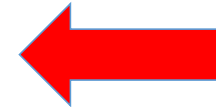


Twenty implementing partners including the National AIDS Programme (NAP) have provided condoms, through free distribution to key populations at higher risk of infection and to young people, as well as the social marketing of affordable male and female condoms and lubricants nationwide (chart 1.1). Free distribution of male condoms increased in this year, while PSI reported leakage of unbranded condoms and free distribution into the private sector, which had an impact on the routine distribution of socially marketed *Aphaw* brand condoms. When coupled with a short-term oversupply to the wholesalers and Chinese condoms flowing into the market, there was a 12% decline in PSI sales. However the Chinese condoms are illegally imported and do not bear any certified test recommendations.

Nonetheless, compared with last year, PSI reported increases in sales of female condoms and lubricants. Female condom sales were 2.6 times higher and were mostly due to targeted promotion and direct sales to sex workers and men who have sex with men. Sales of lubricant sachets increased 37% on last year, and were distributed through INGOs, wholesalers and more than 10,000 retailers.

The Myanmar NGO Consortium on HIV/AIDS (Consortium) provided condoms to key populations at higher risk, youth, and to the general population, and reported an increase in demand for condoms from sex workers and their gate keepers, with around 28% more condoms being distributed to this target group compared with last year. Condoms have been provided to sexually active youth and also to uniformed services personnel. In its project area in Wa region, Malteser distributed condoms to highway truck drivers, and at health centres including those of its partner Health Unlimited, and at market days. MBCA and PARTNERS distributed condoms free of charge in their workplace projects through education sessions and peer educator networks. Peer educators in MBCA's workplace projects aim to improve attitudes towards condoms and teach skills required for correct and consistent condom use. MRCS distributed condoms to young people and general community in rural and urban areas of its project townships through a peer-based approach, and with condom demonstration. MRCS reported improved knowledge among young people of where to find condoms and of proper condom use, and that knowledge of safer sex practices had improved among young people in its project townships.

On page 10 of the UNAIDS report, Malteser is singled out for its distribution of condoms to highway truck drivers and at health centers.



Page 16 shows that Malteser was an implementing partner in an aspect of the project regarding “safe sexual behaviors.” The core indicator for this aspect included the promotion of consistent condom use.

### ***Positive attitudes, safe sexual behaviours and practices in key populations***

Implementing Partners:*			
NAP, AMI, Alliance, AHRN, Consortium, <u>Malteser</u> , MdM, MSF-CH, PSI, PGK, UNODC			
Core Indicator	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006
<b>3.2 Positive attitudes, safe behaviour and practices in specific target groups improved, (includes <u>consistent condom use and safe injecting practices for IDUs</u>)</b>			
Number of HE or counselling sessions conducted among target groups	37,063	63,233	83,841
Number of people among target groups reached through HE sessions	190,971	324,479	424,091
Number of IEC materials distributed to target groups	1,315,516	1,024,327	312,820
Number of peer educators trained and involved in project (SWs, MSM and IDUs)	1,605	1,507	2,496

\*Details by implementing partner in Annexe 3



Page 51 indicates that Malteser distributed 59,675 condoms

### Annexe 3: Achievements by Implementing Partners Round II, II(b)

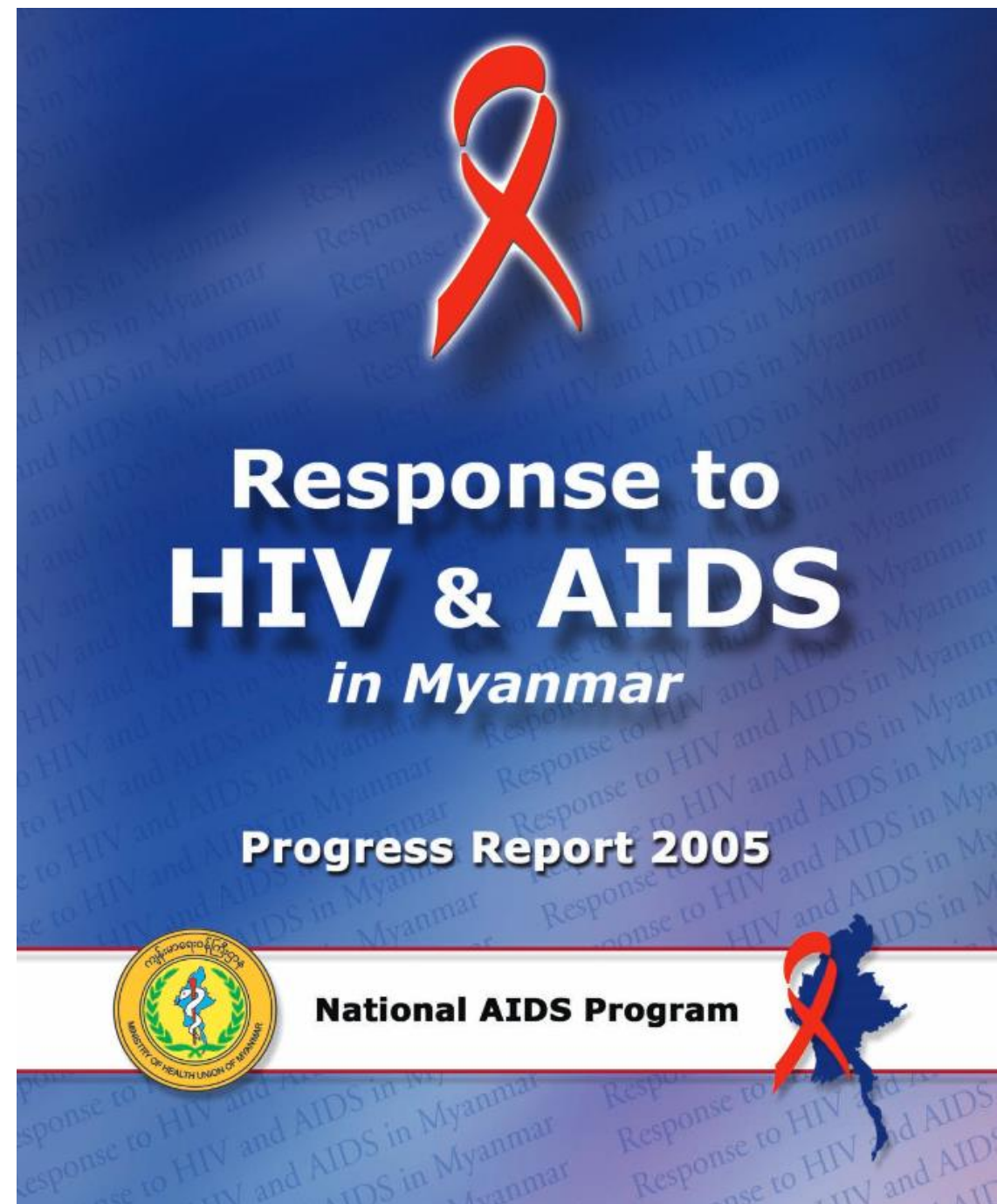
#### 1. Access to services to prevent the sexual transmission of HIV Improved (JP Component 1)

Core Indicator	NAP	AHRN	Al	Consortium	MSF-H	MSF-CH	Alliance	PSI	Partners	Malteser	MANA	MRCS	MBCA	UNODC	SC-US	Pyi Gyi Khin	MdM	MSI	MHAA	MMA	Total
<b>Number of condoms distributed</b>																					
	6,407,150	72,331	526,448	3,648,651	2,554,930	133,798	175,596	28,807,740	137,184	59,675	48,349	411,378	13,649	182,542	159,660	142,599		202,934	38,206		43,722,820
<b>Number of clients to STI services</b>																					
	160,957		4,374	194,213	35,619										238		560	1,268		591	397,820
<b>Number of STI male and female clients at health care facilities appropriately diagnosed, treated and counselled</b>																					
	93,026		5,005	22,382	16,877	162		40,428		1,449					470			1,268			181,067
<b>Number of service delivery points providing integrated STI services</b>																					
	353		3	11	19			332		13									5		736
<b>Number of referrals to STI services</b>																					
				580			338					72		216		299					1,505

In 2005, UNAIDS indicated in several areas that Malteser International was involved in the distribution of condoms

Source:



[http://data.unaids.org/pub/Report/2005/20070320\\_myanmar\\_hiv\\_aids\\_report\\_en.pdf](http://data.unaids.org/pub/Report/2005/20070320_myanmar_hiv_aids_report_en.pdf)





Condom distribution and sales

by  
partners in 2005



AHRN	25,747
AMI	377,430
AZG	2,139,400
ARHP	91,565
BURNET	1,500
CARE	2,234,273
PARTNER	108,745
MSF-CH	108,205
<u>Malteser</u>	<u>52,190</u>
MSI	898,244
MDM	280,309
PACT	42,405
PSI	23,293,525
Progetto Continenti	4,048
SCUK	487,323
SCUS	28,632
WVI	260,632
MANA	21,296
MRCS	970,951
MMA	23,640
MHAA	380
MCFT	9,100
MMCWA	18,576
NAP	6,670,000
MRT	597,000
UNODC	44,034
UNDP	1,065,434
IFRC	18,465

After several pages of narrative, where UNAIDS explained how implementing partners were involved in the distribution of condoms to various areas, including sex workers, on page 29, Malteser is identified as having distributed 52,190 condoms.

In 2006, The World Health Organization in Myanmar conducted a “Reproductive Health Stakeholder Analysis.”



## Reproductive Health Stakeholder Analysis in Myanmar 2006

Source: [http://apps.searo.who.int/pds\\_docs/B0648.pdf](http://apps.searo.who.int/pds_docs/B0648.pdf)

Page 45 of the document provides a brief profile on Malteser International regarding its Reproductive Health activities (RH). Identified in this profile is “family planning,” “contraception,” and a future plan regarding “birth spacing.”

<b>Name of Organization:</b>	<b><u>Malteser International</u></b>
<b>General Background</b>	
Year began in Myanmar:	2001
Mission:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>. Provide relief to major emergencies in the world, especially in the health sector</li><li>. Implement rehabilitation measures and link relief, rehabilitation and development (LRRD)</li><li>. Establish and promote primary health care delivery</li><li>. Reduce the vulnerability and poverty of those afflicted</li><li>. Care for refugees and returnees</li><li>. Support and coordinate with local partner NGOs</li></ul>
Year began in RH:	2004
Areas of expertise in RH:	Antenatal Care, Intrapartum and Postpartum Care; RH education and awareness including HIV/AIDS, VCCT, STI prevention, detection and treatment; <u>family planning</u>
Number of staff in RH:	60
<b>Activities:</b>	<u>ARH; BS &amp; Contraception;</u> STI/RTI/HIV/AIDS; Prenatal care; Delivery care; Neonatal care; Postnatal care; Post-abortion care; Men's RH
<b>Locations:</b>	Shan-N (Pang Kham, Mong Pawk, Mong Maw); Rakhine (Maungdaw)
<b>Target Groups:</b>	Youth; Risk groups; Women; Men; Peer educators; Health care facilities; Prisons; Military; Police; Karaoke bars; Drop-in centers; PLWHA; Truck drivers; Bar/Hotel owners
<b>Capacity Building:</b>	Refresher training for TBAs
<b>Research:</b>	NA
<b>Implementing partners:</b>	UNHCR, PSI
<b>Future plan:</b>	Will expand the following RH services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>. <u>birth spacing,</u></li><li>. advanced level ANC and PNC,</li><li>. advanced nutrition support to pregnant and lactating mothers and children under 3</li></ul>



Page 65 indicates That Malteser was involved in the distribution of oral contraceptives in the township of Rakhine (RKN).




**Birth Spacing and Contraceptive Services**

	KCN	KYA	KYN	CHN	MON	<u>RKN</u>	SHN(N)	SHN(S)	SHN(E)	BGO	SGN	TTY	MGW	MDY	YGN	AYW
<b>Emergency contraception</b>																
Org.			PSI		PSI MSI		PSI	PSI		PSI MSI	PSI		PSI	PSI MSI	PSI MSI	PSI MSI
No. Tsps.			2		8		6	4		20	10		9	18	32	9
<b><u>Oral contraceptives</u> *</b>																
Org.	MdM UNFPA		PSI	UNFPA	MSI PSI UNFPA	<u>AMI</u> <u>Malteser</u> UNFPA	AMDA AMI PSI UNFPA	PSI UNFPA	UNFPA	MSI PSI UNFPA	PSI UNFPA	SC UNFPA	AMDA PSI SC UNFPA	AMDA MSI PSI UNFPA	MdM MSI PSI UNFPA	Merlin MSI PSI UNFPA
No. Tsps.	4		2	2	9	5	10	5	1	27	15	5	18	24	37	20

Page 64 shows that Malteser promoted condoms in the township of Rakhine and Northern Shan State [SHN (N)].

**RTI/STI/HIV/AIDS**

	KCN	KYA	KYN	CHN	MON	<u>RKN</u>	<u>SHN(N)</u>	SHN(S)	SHN(E)	BGO	SGN	TTY	MGW	MDY	YGN	AYW
<b><u>Condom promotion *</u></b> 																
Org.	MdM UNFPA		SC UNFPA		AFXB MMA SC MSI UNFPA	AMI <u>Malteser</u> UNFPA	AMDA AMI CARE <u>Malteser</u> MMA SC UNFPA	UNFPA	UNFPA WV	MMA MRCS MSI UNFPA	MMA UNFPA	SC UNFPA WV	AMDA MMA SC	AMDA CARE MMA MSI UNFPA WV	AFXB AMI MdM MMA MRCS MSI UNFPA WV	Merlin MMA MRCS MSI WV
No. Tsp.	6		4		6	3	10	2	2	11	8	4	7	18	39	9

Page 91 shows that Malteser distributed oral contraception to 2,500 women in the state of Rakhine in the township of Maungdaw.

### Birth Spacing and Contraceptive Services

Code No.	Activities	Organization	State/Division	Township(s)	Target Group	Number beneficiaries covered	Implementing Partners
B1	Emergency contraception	MSI	Mon Ayeyarwady Bago Mandalay  Yangon	Mawlamyine, Thaton Patheingyi Pyaw 5 MCDC townships, Mingyan Thaketa, Thingangyun	Women of reproductive age from low income neighbourhood	1,290	
		PSI *	10 states / divisions	116 townships	Women of reproductive age		Private practitioners
B2	<u>Oral contraception</u>	AMDA	Shan (N)	Laokai	Reproductive female	745	JICA, NATALA, PSI
			Mandalay	Meikhtila	Reproductive female	131	JICA, DOH
				Nyaung U	Reproductive female	100	JICA, DOH
				Magwe	Pakokku	Reproductive female	137
		AMI	Shan (N) Wa Region	Mong Pawk, Wein Kao, Mong Maw	Women in reproductive age	311	ECHO, UNFPA, DOH
			Rakhine	Buthidaung	Women in reproductive age	241	ECHO
		Malteser	Rakhine	Maungdaw	All women	2,500	UNHCR
MdM	Kachin	Myitkyina, Moegaung, Hopin	SWs	10			



Page 94 shows that Malteser promoted condoms in the state of Rakhine in the township of Maungdaw and in the Wa Region Shan (N) in the township of Pang Kham.

**RTI/STI/HIV/AIDS**

Code No.	Activities	Organization	State/ Division	Township(s)	Target Group	Number beneficiaries covered	Implementing Partners
C1	<u>Condom promotion</u>	AFXB	Yangon Mon	16 townships * Mawlamyine, Kyaikhto, Kyaikmaraw, Paung	Youth, PLHAs	4,000	
		AMDA	Shan (N)	Laokai	Villagers	7,452	JICA, NATALA, PSI
			Mandalay	Meikhtila, Nyaung U	Villagers	3,000 + 2,000	JICA, DOH, PSI
			Magwe	Pakokku	Villagers	1,200	JICA, DOH, PSI
		AMI	Yangon	Dala, Twante, Seikkyi	General population, MSM, HRM, SW	200,000	EC, FHAM
			Wa Region Shan (N)	Mong Pawk, Wein Kao, Mong Maw	Patients coming to RHC or mobile clinic	51	UNFPA, ECHO
			Rakhine	Buthidaung	Patients coming to RHC or mobile clinic	128	ECHO
		CARE	Mandalay	Aung Myay Thar Zan, Maha Aung Myay	15-24 yrs both male and female		DOH, UNFPA
			Shan (N)	Muse			
		Malteser	Rakhine	Maungdaw	All women	107,000	UNHCR
Wa Region Shan (N)	Pang Kham		Peer educators, health care facilities, prisons, military, police, karaoke bars, drop-in center, workshops	190,000	PSI		

From 2007-2011, Malteser was the recipient of \$1.7 million from the Three Disease Fund (3DF) for a project called "Prevention and treatment of STI - HIV/AIDS"

A brief description of the project shows that Malteser distributed over 300,000 condoms to sex workers, truck drivers, uniformed personnel, and other male and female workers.

## Round I

### MALTESER

#### PROJECT AT GLANCE

**Implementing Agency** : Malteser International (HIV)

**Project Title** : Prevention and treatment of STI - HIV/AIDS in Wa special Region 2 and Shan special Region 4, Shan State, Myanmar

**Condoms distribution:** SWs :130000, men and women of reproductive age : 104,000, Workers : 32000, to truck drivers : 25700, uniformed personnel: 20000

#### Key Activities

4. Condom promotion and distribution among vulnerable groups

According to a 2009 UNHCR evaluation of Malteser International's Refugee Camp, Mae La Oon, in Thailand, Malteser is the implementing partner in a project that includes condom distribution.

# Mae La Oon

## Thailand

**Camp opened:** 2005

**Camp closed:**

**HIS start date:** May 2008

**Population:** 16,998

The source of population data in this report is:

### Origin of refugees:

Myanmar

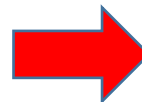
### Implementing partners:

Health/HIV: Malteser International

Nutrition: MI, TBBC

Watsan: Malteser International

While the contraceptive prevalence rate is lower than the standard, it is nonetheless an aspect of the camp.



### Family planning

Contraceptive prevalence rate

Indicator Standard

19% ≥ 30%



### Sexual and Gender-based Violence

Incidence of reported rape (/10,000/year)

0.00

Prop. rape survivors who received PEP < 72h

100%



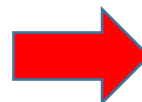
Prop. rape survivors who received ECP < 120h

100%



Prop. rape survivors who received STI < 2 wks

100%



### Prevention

Condom distribution rate

0.02

> 0.5





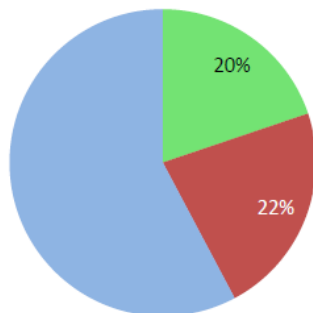
A 2009 UNHCR fact sheet indicates that Malteser is an implementing partner in an HIV program in Maungdaw, Myanmar. According to the “Reproductive Health” portion of the fact sheet, the “family planning services” are provided by implementing partners for the purpose of increasing the “contraceptive prevalence rate.”

## Maungdaw

### Myanmar

**Total Population** 511,575

- Under-fives children 101,379
- Women of reproductive age 114,708

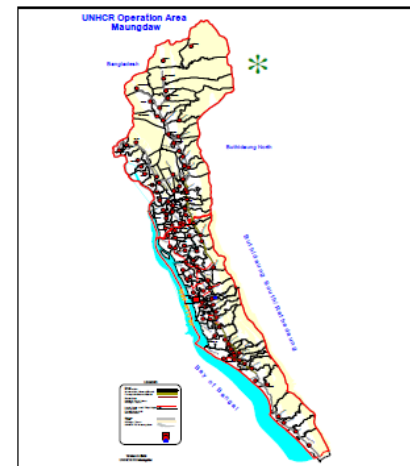


#### Implementing Partners:

- Health/ HIV**  
ACF, Malteser
- Nutrition**  
ACF, Malteser
- WatSan**  
ACF, Malteser

## Fact Sheet 2009

### Public Health & HIV



Reproductive Health

#### Maternal and Newborn Health

Question	2009	Standard
Do pregnant women have access to antenatal care?	Yes ✓	Yes
Do pregnant women have access to safe delivery care?	Yes ✓	Yes
Do women have access to family planning?	Yes ✓	Yes

#### Sexual and Gender-based Violence

Question	2009	Standard
Proportion of rape survivors who receive PEP <72 h	N/A ⓘ	100%
Proportion of rape survivors who receive ECP <120 h	N/A ⓘ	100%

The proportion of deliveries attended by skilled staff was 32% in 2009 compared with 15% in 2006. 32% of pregnant women benefited from ANC by qualified health staff. IPs have been providing ANC/PNC through PHC and mobile clinics, complimenting government MNH programs. Family planning services along with advocacy to the communities for their acceptance are carried out by IPs. According to Township Health Department, contraceptive prevalence rate is 27.8%; still low compared to the national rate. Reported by Township Medical Officer, the abortion rate is 4.1% which is likely underreported; NNMR 13.9 per 1000 live birth, IMR is 5.5 per 1,000 live birth, and MMR is very high at 210 per 100,000 live birth. Clinical management of rape survivors are currently provided by MSF-AZG and the Township hospital. UNHCR and IP constructed two delivery room in Maungdaw North.

In the HIV/AIDS section, Malteser is identified as having distributed approximately 100,000 condoms.

### Prevention

Condom distribution rate (Nr. of condoms/person/month)

Does appropriate IEC material exist for PoCs?

Are risk groups targeted with prevention programs?

Proportion of donated blood units screened for HIV

Do pregnant & lactating women have access to PMTCT?

### Care and Treatment

Do PoC's have equal access to ART as host community?

Nr. of HIV Positive POCs receiving ART

Prop. of HIV-pos mothers receiving cotrim. prophylaxis

Prop. of HIV-pos infants receiving cotrim. prophylaxis

2009



Standard

≥ 0.5

No



Yes

Yes



Yes

100%



100%

No



Yes

Yes



Yes

N/A



100%

N/A



100%

Since Maungdaw is not a high-prevalence HIV/AIDS area, the government health department and IPs mainly focus on awareness raising and health education on HIV/AIDS/STI prevention for general community and for pregnant women. However, MSF-AZG has been providing VCT and ART for the PLWHIV and focus on prevention programs for high risk groups.

As government hospitals are the only blood transfusion facilities, (Living Blood Bank), all of donated blood units are screened for HIV, however, patients need to pay for testing. Condom distribution has been conducted by both government and IP/OPs, MSF-AZG and Malteser in Maungdaw Township with desensitization. During the reporting period, Malteser distributed estimated 100,000 male condoms via PHC centres, TBAs and CHWs. According to the TBAs, even the men came and asked the condoms from the TBAs. The PMTCT program in Maungdaw is coordinated by UNFPA and no data is available from Township Health department. All IPs and OPs are conducting HIV HE on prevention, care & support.

In 2009, Malteser produced a document that included a matrix of all its project indicators “intended to help project managers alike to assess and plan humanitarian aid projects throughout all phases, from the emergency situation up to the developmental phase. The manual provides a set of compiled standards and key indicators, which have been developed by many people for various sectors and have reached a remarkable consensus in the humanitarian world. It gives practical advice for on-the-ground interventions.”

Page 19 says “The following matrix provides a set of indicators which are most relevant in Malteser International programmes; they are divided by different phases and or sectors.”

Source: [https://www.malteser-international.org/fileadmin/Files\\_sites/malteser-international/A-About\\_us/E-Service/C-Publications/Specialized\\_Publications/Health\\_Indicators\\_reference\\_Data\\_2009\\_FINAL\\_.pdf](https://www.malteser-international.org/fileadmin/Files_sites/malteser-international/A-About_us/E-Service/C-Publications/Specialized_Publications/Health_Indicators_reference_Data_2009_FINAL_.pdf)

## **Indicators and Reference Data: A Practical Tool for Project Managers in Humanitarian Aid**

**Malteser International  
Operational Guideline**



The indicator on page 19 is called “Knowledge about AIDS and rejecting misconceptions in youth 15-24.”

This indicator is defined, in part, by the target group’s ability to “correctly” identify condom use as a means of preventing transmission of HIV.

Maltheser then indicates that only respondents who answer “correctly” on all questions, meaning they indicate condom use as a proper means of preventing the transmission of HIV, will be indicated in the numerator.

Indicator	Definition / Reference	Aim	Remarks and comments	Data source
<p>Knowledge about AIDS and rejecting misconceptions in youth 15-24</p>	<p>The percent of respondents age 15-24 yrs. who <u>correctly identify the two major ways of preventing the sexual transmission of HIV</u> (using condoms and limiting sex to one faithful, uninfected partner), who reject the two most common local misconceptions about HIV transmission, and who know that a healthy-looking person can have HIV</p>		<p>This indicator is constructed from responses to the following set of prompted questions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Can the risk of HIV transmission be reduced by having sex with only one faithful, uninfected partner?</li> <li>• <u>Can the risk of transmission be reduced by using condoms?</u></li> <li>• Can a healthy-looking person have HIV?</li> <li>• Can a person get HIV from mosquito bites?</li> <li>• Can a person get HIV by sharing a meal with someone who is infected?</li> </ul> <p><i>Only respondents who answer correctly on all five prompted questions are included in the numerator. The denominator is all respondents, regardless of whether they have ever heard of AIDS.</i></p>	<p>Population survey</p>





In 2011, Malteser was involved in a project of the UNDP in South Sudan called “Tuberculosis and HIV/AIDS Collaborative Programme in Southern Sudan.”

United Nations Development Programme  
Southern Sudan  
Annual Work Plan 2011

**Project Title:**



Tuberculosis and HIV/AIDS Collaborative Programme in Southern Sudan: GFATM Round 5

**UNDAF Outcome:**

By 2012, individuals and communities have equitable access to and increased utilisation of strengthened and quality basic social services within an enabling environment, with special emphasis on women, youth, children and vulnerable groups

**Expected CP Outcome:**

Improved impact of resources to fight HIV/AIDS (*and other diseases*)

**Expected CP Output:**

Better delivery/usage of the GFATM funds for response to HIV/AIDS and other diseases

**Implementing Partner:**

UNDP  
Ministry of Health (MoH), Government of Southern Sudan (MoH-GoSS)



**Responsible Parties:**

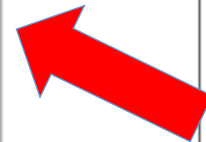


Arkangelo Ali Association (AAA)  
Malteser International (MI)  
WHO

Beginning on page 4 is a list of “responsible parties” for expected outcomes, planned activities and timeframes for the UNDP project. On page 13, Malteser is identified as a “responsible party” in the distribution of condoms.

**Year: 2011**

EXPECTED OUTPUT <i>Related CP outcome:</i> Improved impact of resources to fight HIV/AIDS (and other diseases)	PLANNED ACTIVITIES	TIMEFRAME				RESPONSIBLE PARTY	PLANNED BUDGET		
		Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4		Funding Source	Budget Description	Amount
<u>Indicator: Number of condom distributed through TB/HIV service points</u> Baseline: 264,467 Target: 95,000  <u>Indicator: Number and percentage of TB health facilities providing condoms and health education on importance of HIV prevention methods to patients.</u> Baseline: 45% Target: 54%	<b>11. Activity Result:</b> Promotion and provision of HIV prevention methods to TB patients	X		X		UNDP in support of MoH, WHO, AAA, and Malteser		72600 (Grants)	US\$53,905
	<b>3.11.1 Action:</b> <u>To procure and distribute condoms and demonstration equipments for TB settings</u>	X	X	X	X	UNDP in support of MoH, WHO, AAA, and <u>Malteser</u>		72300 (Materials & Goods)	US\$994
	<b>3.11.2 Action:</b> To implement acceptance campaign in TB treatment centres including stigma and discrimination	X		X		UNDP in support of MoH, WHO, AAA, and <u>Malteser</u>		GMS (7%)	US\$3,843



According to a 2012 brochure by Save the Children, Malteser received \$2.1 million for participation in a grant that expires in 2016, which includes the promotion and distribution of condoms.

## HIV Grant (2013-16)

### Background:

2012 HIV prevalence in Myanmar:

General population: <1%

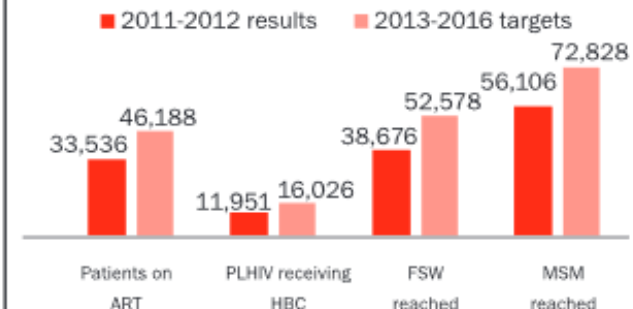
Female Sex Workers (FSWs): 7.1%

Men who have sex with men (MSM): 8.9%

People who inject drugs (PWID): 1.8%

Source: HIV Sentinel Sero-Surveillance Survey Report, National AIDS Program, Ministry of Health, 2012

## HIV achieved and planned targets



Source:

[https://myanmar.savethechildren.net/sites/myanmar.savethechildren.net/files/library/13-October%20GF%206%20page%20brochure%20to%20print\\_0.pdf](https://myanmar.savethechildren.net/sites/myanmar.savethechildren.net/files/library/13-October%20GF%206%20page%20brochure%20to%20print_0.pdf)



## Malteser International (\$2.1 million)

Geographic areas: Northern Shan, Eastern Shan

Treatment, care and support for HIV (VCCT, OI treatment, ART) and STI, to the community with a special focus on FSWs and MSM

Strengthen community health systems through training of peer educators, set-up of community outreach center and advocating for reinforcement of policies and national guidelines

Provide prevention packages (condom promotion and distribution, health education on HIV, STI and VCCT, distribution of IEC materials etc.) provided through outreach and center based approaches



In 2014, Malteser took out an ad indicating as a job requirement, counseling on consistent and correct use of condoms.



## Counsellor

Malteser International <expired>



**Malteser  
International**

Order of Malta Worldwide Relief



Malteser International is the relief agency of the Sovereign Order of Malta for humanitarian aid. With over 100 projects annually in some 25 countries in Africa, Asia and the Americas, we have been standing by those affected by poverty, disease, conflict and disaster, helping them lead a healthy life with dignity – without distinction of religion, race or political persuasion. Christian values and the humanitarian principles are the foundation of our work. Since

**Read more >**



📍 Shan State 🕒 11 June 2014

**Job Reference:** MJ38255



Under the supervision of the Medical Officer In-charge, responsible to provide very effective counselling to clients and patients in need. Especially on STI prevention, VCCT, ART, PMTCT, feeding options for neonates, nutritional, adherence monitoring, psycho-social counselling, counselling on correct and consistent use of Condom, positive living and end of life and bereavement counselling.



**AIDS-DIENST  
MALTESER**

Help for HIV/AIDS carriers and their relatives.

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## ADM – AIDS-Dienst Malteser

HELP FOR HIV/AIDS CARRIERS AND THEIR RELATIVES.

### AIDS – ACQUIRED IMMUNE DEFICIENCY SYNDROME

These four letters signify the chronic disease's outbreak after an incubation-period from three to fifteen years. AIDS cannot be cured. Interrupting the chain of infection is the only effective protection (condom, femidom, mother to child, no needle sharing).

**AIDS is incurable.**



Even now, Malteser International's own website recommends male and female condom use as a means of preventing the spread of HIV/AIDS.

Source: <http://www.aids-dienst-malteser.at/EN/index.html>